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Subverting the Spectacle:
Flusserian Tactics for Body Politics on Indian Instagram

Introduction

In the contemporary digital landscape, Instagram has emerged as a pre-eminent platform, occupying a central position in the mediation and dissemination of cultural expressions, social interactions, and individual self-representations. Its ascendancy reflects a profound shift in the dynamics of communication, wherein the visual has attained heightened significance as a primary mode of expression and engagement. Through its interface, Instagram facilitates the construction and negotiation of cultural paradigms, offering users a curated space to articulate and disseminate their narratives, aspirations, and affiliations. This platform serves as a nexus for the convergence of diverse discourses and identities, fostering a dynamic ecosystem of meaning-making and social exchange. Furthermore, Instagram's algorithmic architecture shapes the circulation and visibility of content, exerting a profound influence over the formation of cultural norms and societal trends. As users navigate the digital terrain of Instagram, they are enmeshed in a complex web of symbolic interactions and power relations, wherein individual agency intersects with broader socio-technological forces. Instagram's prominence underscores its pivotal role in reshaping the contours of contemporary communication, cultural production, and identity formation within the modern digital milieu.

Vilém Flusser's prescient vision of a post-industrial world saturated with images finds a stark manifestation in the burgeoning popularity of Instagram, particularly in India. Flusser's insights into the transformative potential of visual communication within technologically mediated societies anticipate the ascendancy of platforms like Instagram as quintessential manifestations of his theoretical framework. In India, the exponential proliferation of Instagram reflects the convergence of multiple socio-cultural phenomena, including the democratization of image production, the commodification of visual narratives, and the reconfiguration of social relationships within digital spaces. Flusser's emphasis on the significance of images as primary conduits of meaning acquisition and dissemination finds palpable validation in the overwhelming popularity of Instagram as a preferred mode of self-expression and social interaction among Indian users. Moreover, Flusser's critique of the passive consumption of images within industrial societies resonates with

the participatory nature of engagement fostered by Instagram, wherein users actively contribute to and curate the visual landscape of their digital personas.

Flusser postulates a historical shift from text-based to image-centric cultures, mirroring the transition from production to consumption (Flusser 1984: 35). In India, where rich oral and textual traditions once held sway, Instagram represents more than just a visual shift. "Instagram is the virtual window to our lives, where filters shape our reality" (Smith 2020: 48). From perfectly coiffed travelogues to meticulously staged selfies, the platform thrives on visual storytelling. But beyond the curated façade, lies a complex interplay of image use and representation, prompting critical examination of our online identities and the narratives we construct. Filters, editing tools, and strategic pose selection all contribute to a carefully constructed self, often influenced by popular trends and aspirational imagery. Instagram capitalizes on the human predilection for visual processing. As Barthes argues, images function as a "language without words," conveying emotions, narratives, and ideas with immediacy and impact (ibid.: 35). This makes Instagram particularly appealing, offering a visual feast that bypasses the cognitive effort required for text-based content. Moreover, the "fear of missing out" (FOMO) phenomenon drives users to compulsively check their feeds, further fuelling visual consumption (Przybylski et al. 2014: 802).

In his seminal work *Towards a Philosophy of Photography*, Flusser envisioned a post-industrial future drowning in images, where information and leisure reign supreme. Flusser eschews the purely technical understanding of photography, instead positing it as an "act of magic" (Flusser 1984: 14) that transcends mere representation. Unlike painting, with its active construction of visual narratives, photography extracts a fragment of reality and transforms it into a symbol. This "magical capture" challenges prevailing philosophical assumptions about representation, objectivity, and the intricate relationship between image and referent. The camera, for Flusser, is not a neutral tool, but an "apparatus" that mediates our understanding of the world and imbues it with its own interpretive lens (Flusser 1984: 25). He likens it to a "black box," with the photographer operating as a magician's assistant, manipulating its controls but never fully comprehending its internal workings. This metaphor introduces complex questions about authorship, intentionality, and the agency of technology within the photographic process.

Flusser situates photography within a broader historical context, illuminating a pivotal shift from a text-based to an image-based culture. This transition, he argues, mirrors the move from linear historical narratives to cyclical temporal experiences, and from production-oriented societies to consumption-driven ones (ibid.: 35). Text, characterized by linearity and logic, represents the industrial era, while the image, with its immediacy and multiplicity, reflects the post-industrial age. This analysis invites us to critically examine how the rise of visual media has reshaped our perception of time, knowledge, and selfhood.

Instagram in India

In the vibrant landscape of postcolonial India, Instagram emerges as a platform not just for visual expression but also for the negotiation of complex identities. It emerges as a spectral presence, simultaneously a tool of manipulation and control, and a site of resistance and the deconstruction of the self. Instagram often, goes beyond individual self-representation, shaping wider cultural narratives. Hashtags function as thematic threads, weaving together diverse perspectives and experiences. However, concerns arise regarding echo chambers and filter bubbles, where algorithms limit exposure to opposing viewpoints, potentially reinforcing existing biases.

Through a Flusserian lens, we can deconstruct the curated selves presented on Instagram, unveiling the interplay of power, representation, and the ever-shifting boundaries of "the Indian."

Algorithmic Mimicry and the Ghost in the Machine

India's colonial past casts a long shadow on the present, and algorithmic mimicry on Instagram can unwittingly amplify its legacies. Instagram's algorithms, shrouded in an aura of "personalization," utilize complex machine learning models to curate content deemed relevant to each user. This curation, however, transcends mere information filtering. Instead, it engages in a form of "panoptic mimicry" (Zuboff 2019: 179), constantly analysing and mimicking user preferences, creating customized "filter bubbles" (Pariser 2011: 92). These bubbles echo back idealized versions of ourselves, amplifying pre-existing beliefs and minimizing exposure to challenging perspectives. In the context of identity formation, this mimicry can be detrimental, fostering self-censorship and restricting opportunities for critical self-reflection. Algorithms, designed to predict user preferences, often mimic dominant cultural norms, and beauty standards, often heavily influenced by Western ideals. Here, Eurocentric features and aesthetics are subtly reinforced, potentially marginalizing diverse Indian ethnicities and body types. This algorithmic reification of a "colonial gaze" can have detrimental effects on self-esteem and body image, particularly among young women (Fardoulys et al. 2018: 359).

The curated nature of Instagram feeds, fuelled by algorithmic mimicry, creates an environment where users engage in a performative construction of their online identities. Filtered images, meticulously chosen captions, and strategically applied hashtags all contribute to this carefully crafted self-presentation. Algorithms exploit this desire for validation, mimicking and amplifying content that garners the most "likes" and engagement. This creates a self-fulfilling prophecy, pushing users towards conformity and a narrowing definition of the "ideal self" (Abidin2020: 156). Paradoxically, this relentless pursuit of external validation, facilitated by algorithmic mimicry, can

lead to feelings of anxiety and inadequacy, eroding self-esteem and fostering a fragile sense of self-worth.

India's complex caste system continues to impact online spaces like Instagram. Algorithmic mimicry, based on data often reflecting existing societal biases, can inadvertently amplify caste hierarchies. Targeted advertising showcasing upper-caste lifestyles or content filtering that prioritizes specific castes can exacerbate social inequalities and limit exposure to diverse experiences. This digital mimicry risks furthering marginalization and silencing the voices of lower castes, reinforcing historical power structures instead of dismantling them.

However, postcolonial India's engagement with Instagram is not solely defined by algorithmic mimicry. Counter-narratives and acts of resistance emerge, challenging the hegemonic forces at play. Dalit activists utilize the platform to raise awareness about discrimination, their voices amplified by the platform's reach, subverting the traditional silencing of marginalized communities (Gupta 2022). LGBTQ+ communities find safe spaces to express themselves and connect with like-minded individuals, challenging heteronormative narratives and carving out their own digital identities (Munshi 2020). These acts of subversion go beyond mere self-expression; they challenge the very algorithms that seek to mimic and control, offering glimpses of a more equitable and inclusive online space.

The interplay between algorithmic mimicry and individual agency in postcolonial India is a complex dance. While Instagram offers unprecedented opportunities for marginalized communities to find their voice and redefine their narratives, the algorithms themselves can perpetuate harmful stereotypes and reinforce existing power structures. This creates a paradox of empowerment, where the very tool used for self-expression can also be a mechanism for control.

The consequences of algorithmic mimicry extend beyond individual identity construction. Mimicking user preferences not only formulates content, but also shapes user behaviour. This is particularly evident in political advertising, where algorithms leverage personal data to target individuals with highly effective, yet often misleading, messages. This form of "microtargeting" (Tufekci 2017: 171) exploits personal biases and vulnerabilities, potentially manipulating voting choices and swaying public opinion. Mimicry also exacerbates societal polarization, as users are increasingly confined to echo chambers, hindering exposure to diverse viewpoints, and fostering hostility towards opposing ideologies.

Navigating the manipulative landscape of algorithmic mimicry requires a critical and informed approach. Recognizing the inherent biases embedded in algorithms is crucial, prompting users to question the authenticity of curated content and actively seek out diverse perspectives. Moreover, utilizing privacy settings and engaging in platform-agnostic social interactions can help mitigate the harmful effects of "filter bubbles." Finally, advocating greater transparency in

algorithmic decision-making and supporting initiatives that promote digital literacy are essential steps toward reclaiming agency and fostering a more responsible online environment.

Filtered Fantasies and the Spectacle of the Body

Flusser argues that "technological images" (2000) act as filters, shaping our perception of reality. Instagram, with its endless stream of edited photographs and curated feeds, embodies this concept. Images become self-contained entities, often disconnected from their origins and imbued with symbolic meaning dictated by filters, captions, and algorithms. In India, the influence of Western beauty standards, amplified by the platform's algorithms, creates a "spectral ideal" (Flusser 2014) – a ghostly apparition of unattainable perfection dominating self-representation. Think airbrushed models with Eurocentric features and flawless complexions, often representing a narrow definition of beauty that excludes diverse Indian ethnicities and body types. This "colonial gaze" (Spivak 1988), as Spivak terms it, can lead to internalized dissatisfaction and a distorted sense of self, particularly among young women bombarded with images that do not reflect their own realities.

The emphasis on visual conformity on Instagram aligns with Guy Debord's concept of "the society of the spectacle" (Debord 1983). Instagram becomes a stage where individuals perform their carefully constructed identities, seeking validation and social capital through likes, comments, and followers. The body is reduced to a commodity, its value measured in terms of its visual appeal and ability to conform to dominant aesthetic codes. This commodification can have negative consequences, leading to feelings of inadequacy and a pursuit of unattainable physical ideals, potentially contributing to a culture of body dissatisfaction, particularly among young people in India.

However, Flusser also emphasizes the agency of the viewer (Flusser 2000). In the Indian context, this translates to the subversion and reappropriation of the "filtered fantasy." Body positivity movements like "Curvylicious India" challenge Eurocentric ideals by showcasing diverse body types and celebrating "real beauty." These acts become "gestures" (Flusser 2014) – intentional interventions that break free from the passive consumption of the technological image. Think unfiltered photos with stretch marks and cellulite proudly displayed, accompanied by empowering captions challenging unrealistic beauty standards.

While Instagram can function as a platform for perpetuating dominant beauty ideals and reducing the body to a visual commodity, it also holds the potential for resistance and the subversion of these norms. Indian users have the capacity to challenge conventional beauty standards that often favour Western aesthetics, such as fair skin and Eurocentric features. This can be done through deliberate choices in self-representation that embrace diverse body types, skin tones, and

traditional Indian attire. By celebrating cultural authenticity and diversity, users can disrupt the homogenizing spectacle that often dominates Instagram feeds.

Through a meticulous examination of Flusser's perspective, coupled with a nuanced understanding of the Indian socio-cultural landscape, several key strategies emerge by which users can resist the spectacle and assert agency over their digital representations on Instagram.

Users in India can subvert the spectacle by critically interrogating the visual narratives propagated by dominant cultural forces on Instagram. Flusser contends that images are not neutral conveyors of meaning but are imbued with ideological underpinnings that serve to reinforce existing power structures. By employing a discerning gaze informed by Flusser's insights, users can deconstruct the visual rhetoric of mainstream discourse, uncovering latent ideologies and challenging hegemonic representations of identity and beauty (Flusser 2014). The promotion of body positivity on Indian Instagram can counter unrealistic and harmful beauty ideals. By showcasing diverse bodies and celebrating imperfections, individuals can challenge the notion that there is a single "ideal" body type (Nagar 2018). This can foster self-acceptance and encourage individuals to value themselves beyond their physical appearance.

Instagram can also be a space to question the deeply ingrained preference for fair skin within Indian society. Users can celebrate the beauty of darker skin tones and traditional Indian features, subverting a legacy of 'colourism' perpetuated through both traditional and social media (Bhattacharjee 2021). By embracing traditional Indian clothing, jewellery, and beauty practices, Indian users can showcase the richness of their cultural heritage and offer an alternative to the dominant Westernized beauty standards prevalent on Instagram. This can include featuring bindis, sarees, or other elements that affirm cultural identity (Jhunjhunwala 2018). Such acts of creative subversion and counter-representation can disrupt the homogenizing tendencies of Instagram's algorithmic apparatus. Through the strategic deployment of irony, satire, and parody, users can destabilize normative narratives and reclaim agency over their digital personas, thereby subverting the spectacle from within.

Moreover, users can harness the affordances of Instagram to mobilize collective action and amplify marginalized voices within the digital sphere. Flusser's concept of the "apparatus" underscores the socio-technical systems that mediate human communication, highlighting the potential for concerted resistance against oppressive regimes of representation (Flusser 2014). By forming online communities and solidarity networks, users can challenge the status quo, advocate for social justice, and effectuate tangible change in the offline world.

Navigating the complexities of Instagram in India requires a Flusserian "critical gaze" (Flusser 2014). Recognizing the constructed nature of "filtered fantasies," questioning the spectral authority of algorithms, and engaging with diverse content are crucial steps. Think critically about

the messages conveyed through images and captions, actively seek out perspectives beyond your own echo chamber, and support initiatives that promote digital literacy and fact-checking. Ultimately, harnessing Instagram's potential for positive social change demands a conscious effort to move beyond the spectacle of the body and engage in acts of "gesture" that challenge algorithmic mimicry and empower diverse narratives. This could involve creating content that celebrates marginalized communities, using platforms like Instagram to organize real-world events that foster inclusivity, or simply engaging in respectful dialogue with individuals from different backgrounds.

Conclusion

Instagram in India presents a dynamic interplay between Flusserian concepts – the technological image, the spectral body, and the potential for resistance. On Instagram, the "Indian" self becomes a fragmented and fluid entity, constructed through a play of carefully chosen signifiers. Filters transform skin tones, captions code regional identities, and hashtags categorize experiences. Yet, these signifiers are never fixed, their meanings constantly shifting within the dynamic network of the platform. While filtered fantasies and the spectacle of the body can perpetuate harmful ideals and digital colonialism, acts of resistance and the critical gaze offer opportunities for reclaiming agency and fostering a more inclusive online space. Recognizing the complexities of this platform and engaging with it meaningfully are crucial steps towards shaping a future where technology empowers rather than colonizes, allowing for the diverse expressions of the Indian self to flourish beyond the spectral limitations of Instagram's curated gaze.

Moving forward, a shift towards more inclusive and authentic representation is essential. This includes amplifying diverse voices, challenging unrealistic beauty standards, and promoting responsible content creation. Platforms like Instagram have the potential to foster positive social change, but only if users and creators consciously challenge its inherent biases and work towards a more equitable and representative online landscape.

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